SECTION: M-01



PROTOCOL TITLE: GENERAL MEDICAL CARE

REVISED: April 01, 2023

GENERAL COMMENTS: This is a general protocol for non-specific medical complaints, including SOB of non-specific etiology. When possible this protocol should supplement other, more specific, protocols based on clinical assessments and judgment.

BLS SPECIFIC CARE:

- Basic BLS care and assessments and V/S every 15 minutes, unless unstable, then reassess and V/S every 5 minutes
- Oxygen administration titrated for SpO2 < 92%, with a goal 92-96%, or for those patients who are at risk for decompensation.
- Assess blood glucose level as appropriate
- Position patient as appropriate and maintain airway patency
- Maintain body temperature to a goal of normothermia
- Keep patient in safe and calm environment

In addition to standard medical history, in case of ingestion/overdose obtain:

- Name of ingested substance
- Quantity ingested
- Time of ingestion
- Has vomiting occurred

AEMT/O.M. Specific Care

Obtain/Assist with 12 Leads (if feasible, indicated, and available):

- The following patients should have a 12 lead ECG obtained.
 - Any non-trauma patient with primary complaint of chest pain
 - Any patient with concern for cardiac etiology for their complaint (not limited to AMI)
 - Any patient with syncope
 - Patients with a primary complaint of shortness of breath with any of the following factors:
 - Diabetic
 - Over the age of 50
 - Altered mental status or dementia
 - History of heart disease
- 12-lead ECGs will only be transmitted for the following:
 - o STEMI
 - o On-line medical direction consult regarding the12-lead ECG

GENERAL MEDICAL CARE



Vascular Access

- IV access (to a max of 3 attempts) or IO access if needed due to severity of underlying injury or illness, otherwise consider deferring until arrival of ALS providers
 - IV: Crystalloid solution at a TKO rate. May administer 200-500 ml if S/S of dehydration are present, repeat as needed to a maximum of 2 liters
 - Withhold fluids and maintain IV at TKO rate if patient is hemodynamically stable or signs and symptoms of fluid overload are present

Respiratory Support (if appropriate and available)

- Consider Assisted/Intermittent Positive Pressure Ventilation
- Consider Placement of SGA
- CPAP: See also Appendix 6
 - Medical Control Required if BP less than 90 systolic.
 - Initial setting at 5 cmH2O, MAX: 10 cmH2O

ALS SPECIFIC CARE:

Airway Management: Secure the airway using means best determined by good clinical decision making.

• See "Appendix 2: Advanced Airway Support Supplement " for guidelines for current and anticipated clinical needs

Cardiac Monitoring: Apply cardiac monitor as necessary

- 12-lead ECG's will only be transmitted for the following:
 - o STEMI
 - On-line medical direction consults, regarding 12-lead ECG

Non-Traumatic Blood Loss: For Severe Blood Loss w/in 3 hours of onset:

- Tranexamic Acid (TXA):
 - IV/IO: 2 gram cc /250 cc over 10 minutes. Does not need pump.

Physician PEARLS

SPO2 target range if for general medical patients, NOT patients undergoing advanced airway procedures. Providers shall refer to Appendix 02: Advanced airway support supplement for additional guidance.